



MBF-003-1011016

Seat No. _____

First Year B. Sc. (CBCS) (Sem. I) Examination

November / December – 2016

Microbiology : Paper - MB-101

(Basic Aspects of Microbiology)

(New Course)

Faculty Code : 003

Subject Code : 1011016

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours]

[Total Marks : 70

- Instructions :** (1) All questions are compulsory.
(2) Figures on right indicate marks.

- 1** (a) Answer the following : (One mark each) **4**
(1) Define : Protoplasm.
(2) Define : Classification.
(3) Chloroplast is _____ in bacteria. (Present / Absent)
(4) _____ proposed five kingdom concept of classification system.
- (b) Answer in brief : (Any one out of two) **2**
(1) Define : Vaccine. Who discovered first vaccine ?
(2) Who proposed third kingdom protista ? And it includes which biological life forms ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (Any one out of two) **3**
(1) Contribution of Robert Koch.
(2) Explain classification of bacteria according to Bergey's manual of systematic bacteriology.
- (d) Write a note on (Any one out of two) **5**
(1) Enlist the features distinguishing Prokaryotic cell from Eukaryotic cell.
(2) Spontaneous generation versus Biogenesis.

- 2 (a) Answer the following : (One mark each) 4
- (1) Define : Resolution.
 - (2) Define : Autoradiography.
 - (3) Antigen Antibody reactions can be studied by _____ Microscopy.
 - (4) _____ enhances staining capacity in staining methodology.
- (b) Answer in brief : (Any one out of two) 2
- (1) Define : Numerical Aperture.
 - (2) Define : Leuco Compound.
- (c) Answer in detail : (Any one out of two) 3
- (1) Phase contrast Microscopy.
 - (2) Ultra thin sectioning for electron microscopy.
- (d) Write a note on (Any one out of two) 5
- (1) Bright field Microscopy.
 - (2) Compare and contrast Scanning electron microscopy and transmission electron microscopy.
- 3 (a) Answer the following : (One mark each) 4
- (1) Define : Sphaeroplast.
 - (2) Define : Cyst.
 - (3) _____ is ribbon like, nonliving structure of the cell, present external to the cell wall.
 - (4) _____ granule is source of poly phosphate.
- (b) Answer in brief : (Any one out of two) 2
- (1) What is Prothaeceae ?
 - (2) What is Mesosome ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (Any one out of two) 3
- (1) Structure of Outer Membrane.
 - (2) Sporulation.
- (d) Write a note on : (Any one out of two) 5
- (1) Bacterial Flagella.
 - (2) Structures present internal to the cell wall in Bacteria.
- 4 (a) Answer the following : (One mark each) 4
- (1) Define : Mixotroph.
 - (2) Define : Halophile.
 - (3) _____ organisms can grow in presence and absence of oxygen.
 - (4) _____ acts as coenzyme, present in nutritional requirement of bacteria.

- (b) Answer in brief : (Any one out of two) 2
- (1) What are Psychrophile ?
 - (2) Define Pure culture.
- (c) Answer in detail : (Any one out of two) 3
- (1) Selective biological method to obtain pure culture.
 - (2) Explain differential media with example.
- (d) Write a note on : (Any one out of two) 5
- (1) Oxygen Toxicity.
 - (2) Nutritional types of bacteria.
- 5** (a) Answer the following : (One mark each) 4
- (1) Define : Chemostat.
 - (2) Define : Growth.
 - (3) _____ is an example of budding bacterial.
 - (4) Generation time of E.coil is _____.
- (b) Answer in brief : (Any one out of two) 2
- (1) Derive the equation that is used to calculate the number of generations.
 - (2) Define : Synchronouseous Growth. What types of graph is obtained in synchronouseous culture ?
- (c) Answer in detail : (Any one out of two) 3
- (1) Septum formation in gram negative bacteria.
 - (2) Explain modes of cell division in bacteria.
- (d) Write a note on (Any one out of two) 5
- (1) Bacterial growth curve.
 - (2) Continuous culture of bacteria.
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